

Pg 53 Velocity + Displacement with Constant Acceleration Set 0

Velocity w/ constant Acc. $V_f = V_i + a \cdot \Delta t$

Displacement w/ constant Acc $\Delta x = V_i \cdot \Delta t + \left(\frac{1}{2}a\right)(\Delta t^2)$

#1

①

$a = 0.92 \text{ m/s}^2$

$V_f = \text{---} \text{ m/s}$

$V_i = 6.5 \text{ m/s}$

$\Delta t = 3.6 \text{ s}$

$\Delta x = \text{---} \text{ m}$

②

Select formula.
Which do you want
to solve for first?

V_f ? Okay. Lets go.

$V_f = V_i + a \cdot \Delta t$

③

$V_f = V_i + a \cdot \Delta t$

$V_f = 6.5 \text{ m/s} + 0.92 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2} \cdot 3.6 \text{ s}$

$V_f = 6.5 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}} + 3.31 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}$

$\boxed{V_f = 9.8 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}}$

②

Now solve for Δx

$\Delta x = V_i \cdot \Delta t + \left(\frac{1}{2}a\right) \cdot (\Delta t^2)$

$\Delta x = 6.5 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}} \cdot 3.6 \text{ s} + \left(\frac{1}{2} \cdot 0.92 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}\right) \cdot (3.6 \text{ s}^2)$

$\Delta x = 23.4 \text{ m} + (0.46 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}) \cdot (12.96 \text{ s}^2)$

$\Delta x = 23.4 \text{ m} + 5.96 \text{ m}$

$\boxed{\Delta x = 29.36 \text{ m}}$

same 3.6

#2

①

~~$V_i =$~~

$a = 3.0 \text{ m/s}^2$

$V_f = \text{---} \text{ m/s}$

$V_i = 4.3 \text{ m/s}$

$\Delta t = 5.0 \text{ s}$

$\Delta x = \text{---} \text{ m}$

②

lets solve for V_f first.

$V_f = V_i + a \cdot \Delta t$

Solve for Δx

$\Delta x = V_i \cdot \Delta t + \left(\frac{1}{2}a\right) \cdot (\Delta t^2)$

③

$V_f = 4.3 \text{ m/s} + (3.0 \text{ m/s}^2) \cdot (5.0 \text{ s})$

$V_f = 4.3 \text{ m/s} + 15 \text{ m/s}$

$\boxed{V_f = 19.3 \text{ m/s}}$

$\Delta x = 4.3 \cdot 5 \text{ sec} + \left(\frac{1}{2} \cdot 3.0 \text{ m/s}^2\right) \cdot (5 \text{ s}^2)$

$\Delta x = 21.5 \text{ m} + (1.5 \text{ m/s}^2) \cdot (25 \text{ s}^2)$

$\Delta x = 21.5 \text{ m} + 37.5 \text{ m}$

$\boxed{\Delta x = 59 \text{ m}}$

#3 pg 53 cont.

①

$$a = -1.5 \frac{m}{s^2}$$

$$v_f = \text{---} m/s$$

$$v_i = 0 m/s$$

$$\Delta t = 5.0 s$$

$$\Delta x = \text{---} m$$

②

$$v_f = v_i + a \cdot \Delta t$$

③

$$v_f = 0 m/s + (-1.5 \frac{m}{s^2}) \cdot (5.0 s)$$

$$v_f = 0 \frac{m}{s} + (-7.5 \frac{m}{s})$$

$$[v_f = -7.5 m/s]$$

$$\Delta x = v_i \cdot \Delta t + (\frac{1}{2} a) \cdot (\Delta t)^2$$

$$\Delta x = (0 \frac{m}{s}) \cdot (5 s) + \frac{1}{2} (-1.5 \frac{m}{s^2}) \cdot (5.0 s)^2$$

$$\Delta x = 0 + (-7.5 \frac{m}{s^2}) \cdot (25 s^2)$$

$$[\Delta x = -18.75 m]$$

#4

①

$$a = -2 \frac{m}{s^2}$$

$$v_f = 10 \frac{m}{s}$$

$$v_i = 15 \frac{m}{s}$$

$$\Delta t =$$

$$\Delta x =$$

②

$$v_f = v_i + a \cdot \Delta t$$

③

$$v_f$$

$$10 m/s = 10$$

$$10 m/s = 15 m/s + (-2 m/s^2) \cdot (\Delta t)$$

$$10 \frac{m}{s} - 15 \frac{m}{s} = -2 \frac{m}{s^2} \cdot \Delta t$$

$$-5 \frac{m}{s} = -2 \frac{m}{s^2} \cdot \Delta t$$

$$[2.5 s = \Delta t]$$

$$\Delta x = v_i \cdot \Delta t + (\frac{1}{2} a) \cdot (\Delta t)^2$$

$$\Delta x = 15 \frac{m}{s} \cdot 2.5 s + \frac{1}{2} (-2 \frac{m}{s^2}) \cdot (2.5 s)^2$$

$$\Delta x = 37.5 m + (-1 \frac{m}{s^2}) \cdot (6.25 s^2)$$

$$\Delta x = 37.5 m + -6.25 m$$

$$[\Delta x = 31.3 m]$$