

Part 1: How Do we Multiply numbers in Scientific Notation?

Scientific Notation is based on powers of the base number 10.

The number 123,000,000,000 in scientific notation is written as :

$$1.23 \times 10^{11}$$

The first number 1.23 is called the coefficient. It must be greater than or equal to 1 and less than 10.

The second number is called the base . It must always be 10 in scientific notation. The base number 10 is always written in exponent form. In the number 1.23×10^{11} the number 11 is referred to as the exponent or power of ten.

Rules for Multiplication in Scientific Notation:

- 1) Multiply the coefficients
- 2) Add the exponents (base 10 remains)

Example 1: $(3 \times 10^4)(2 \times 10^5) = 6 \times 10^9$

What happens if the coefficient is more than 10 when using scientific notation?

Example 2: $(5 \times 10^3)(6 \times 10^3) = 30. \times 10^6$

While the value is correct it is not correctly written in scientific notation, since the coefficient is not between 1 and 10. We then must move the decimal point over to the left until the coefficient is between 1 and 10. For each place we move the decimal over the exponent will be raised 1 power of ten.

$30. \times 10^6 = 3.0 \times 10^7$ in scientific notation.

Example 3:

$(2.2 \times 10^4)(7.1 \times 10^5) = 15.62 \times 10^9 = 1.562 \times 10^{10}$

Example 4:

$(7 \times 10^4)(5 \times 10^6)(3 \times 10^2) = 105. \times 10^{12}$ --now the decimal must be moved two places over and the exponent is raised by 2. Therefore the value in scientific notation is: 1.05×10^{14}

Now Try these:

(write your answers in the form of coefficient $\times 10^{\text{exponent}}$) If your answer is 3.5×10^3 you should type **3.5x10^3** in the box then click the submit button).

$$(2 \times 10^3)(4 \times 10^4) =$$

$$(6 \times 10^5)(7 \times 10^6) =$$

$$(5.5 \times 10^7)(4.2 \times 10^4) =$$

What happens when the exponent(s) are negative?

We still add the exponents, but use the rules of addition of signed numbers.

Example 5: $(3 \times 10^{-3})(3 \times 10^{-3}) = 9. \times 10^{-6}$

Example 6: $(2 \times 10^{-3})(3 \times 10^8) = 6. \times 10^{-5}$

Now Try these:

(write your answers in the form of coefficient $\times 10^{\text{exponent}}$) If your answer is 3.5×10^3 you should write **3.5x10^3**). Multiply the following:

$$(3 \times 10^{-6})(2 \times 10^{-4}) =$$

$$(5 \times 10^{-5})(7 \times 10^{10}) =$$

$$(5.5 \times 10^{-7})(4.2 \times 10^4) =$$

$$(5 \times 10^7)(8 \times 10^{-6})(4.2 \times 10^4) =$$